

Fig. 8.3 The rank-two root systems

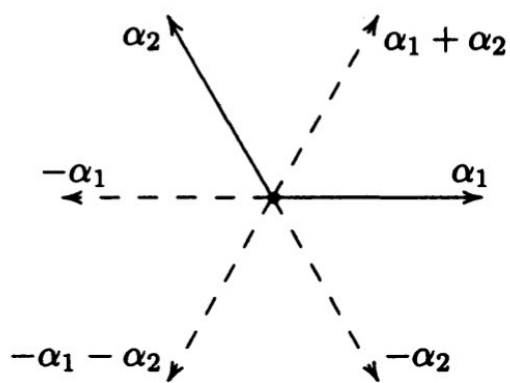


Figure 12.2 The roots of A_2

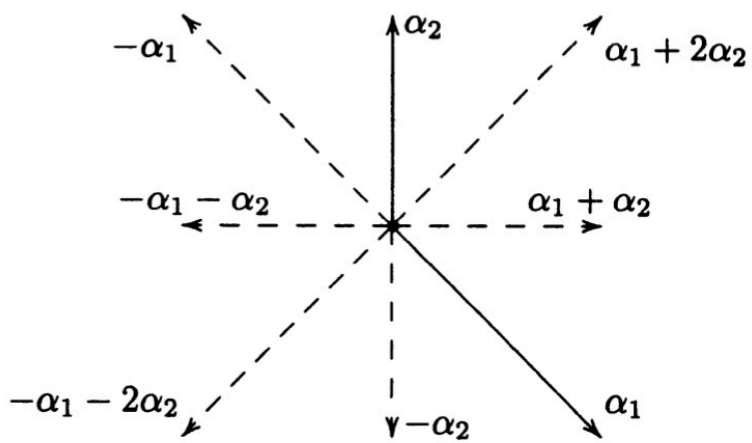


Figure 12.3 The roots of B_2

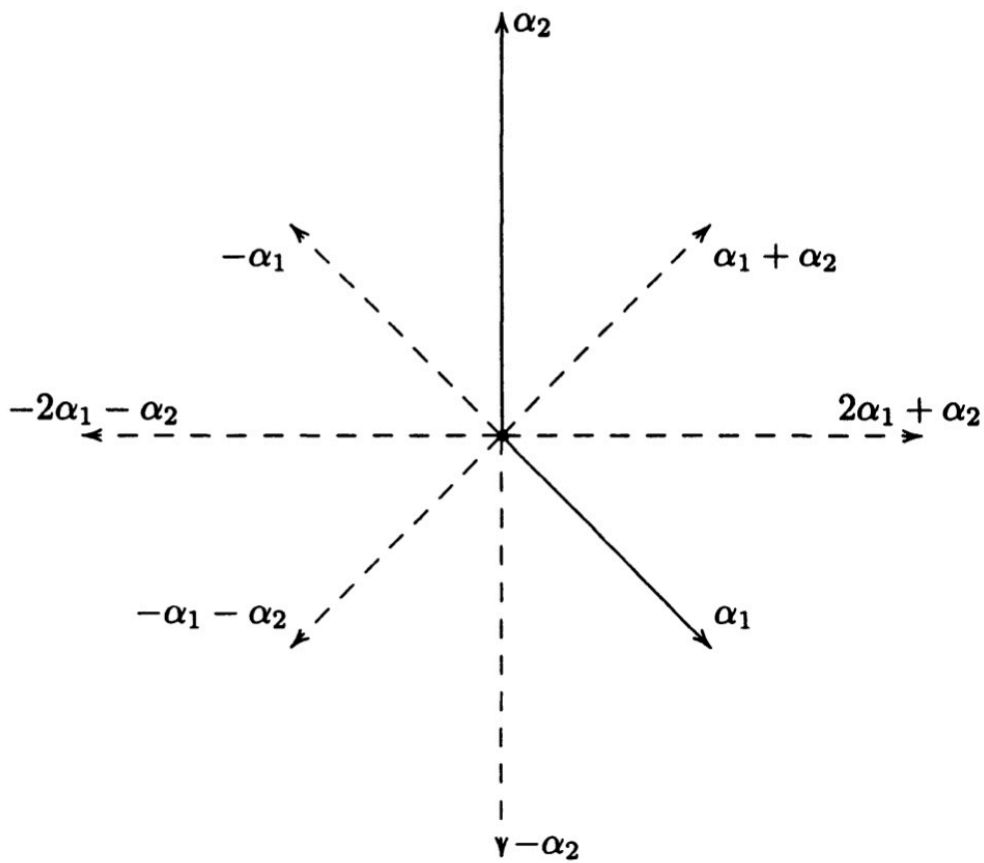


Figure 12.4 The roots of C_2

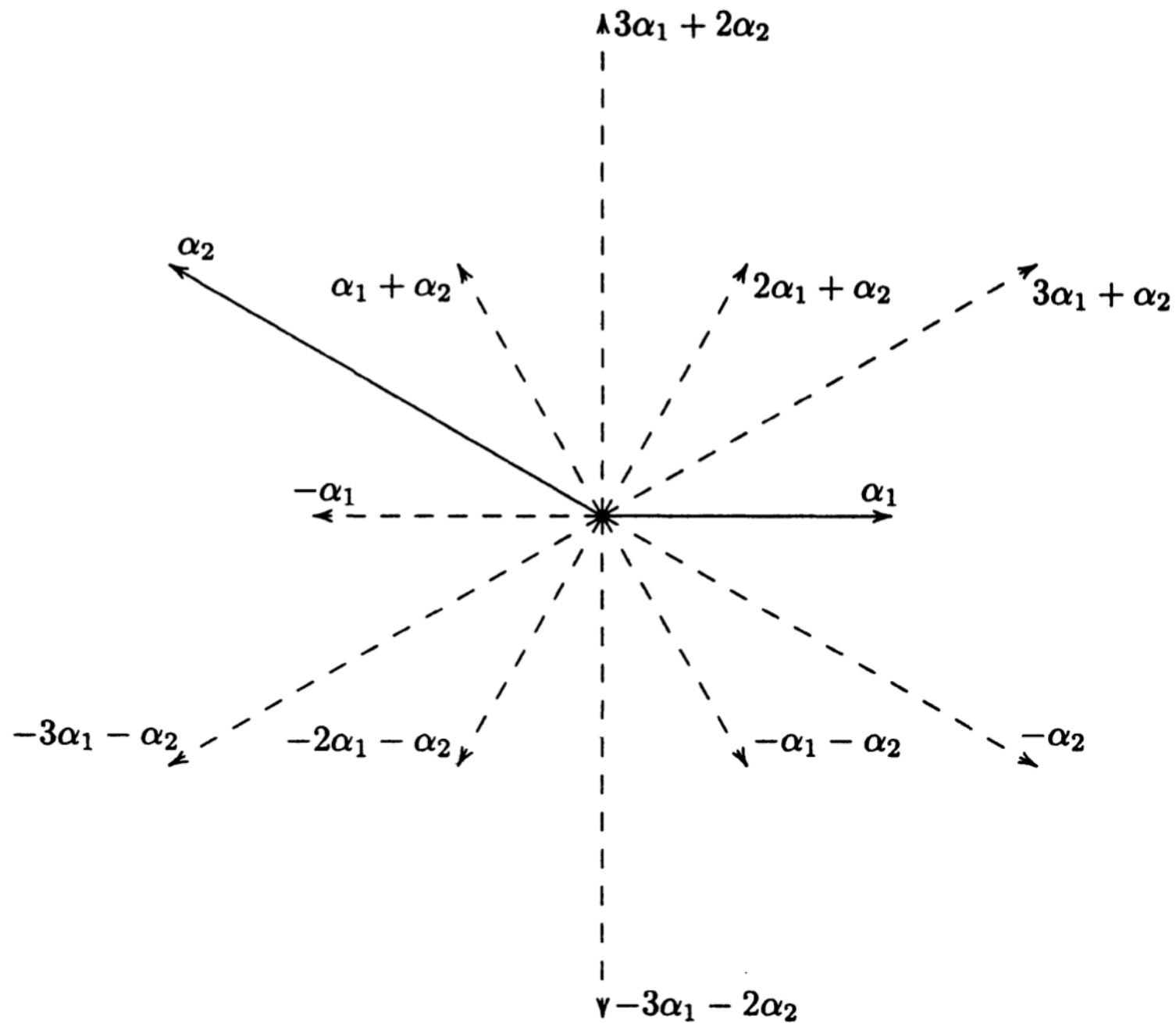


Figure 12.5 The roots of G_2




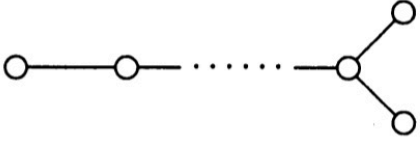


Root system	Matrix group	Dynkin diagram
A_n ($n \geq 1$)	$SU(n)$	
B_n ($n \geq 2$)	$Spin(2n + 1), SO(2n + 1)$	
C_n ($n \geq 3$)	$Sp(n)$	
D_n ($n \geq 4$)	$Spin(2n), SO(2n)$	
A_1	$SU(2) \cong Spin(3), SO(3)$	
$B_2 = C_2$	$Sp(2) \cong Spin(5), SO(5)$	

Table 12.1 Classical Dynkin diagrams and associated matrix groups

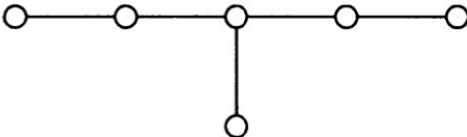
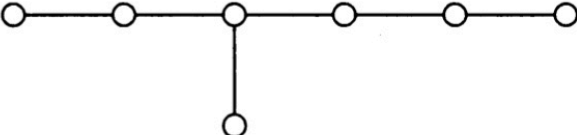
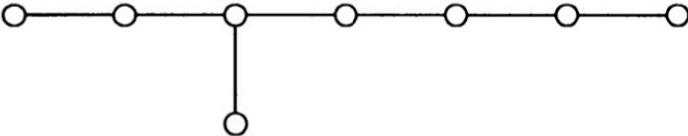
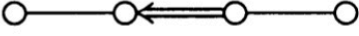

Root system	Dynkin diagram
E_6	
E_7	
E_8	
F_4	
G_2	

Table 12.2 Exceptional Dynkin diagrams